

UML for Analysts

Jason Gorman



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Requirements Analysis Using UML (2 Days)

Since Autumn 2003, over 180,000 Java and .NET developers have learned the Unified Modeling Language from **Parlez UML** (<http://www.parlezuml.com>), making it one of the most popular UML training resources on the Internet.

Modeling For A Reason

Unlike other UML courses, Requirements Analysis using UML introduces only the elements of modeling you will need to get the job done.

Learning By Doing

By working through a practical mini-project, you will learn key modeling notations as well as useful analysis techniques within a simple iterative process that you will be able to apply to your own projects immediately.

Beyond Use Cases

Other analysis courses start with functional requirements and leave out the critical element of any software project – where do those requirements come from in the first place?

Requirements Analysis using UML starts at the beginning with business requirements and business models, and demonstrates a simple process for getting from business goals to system use cases and beyond, giving clear traceability at all levels of your enterprise architecture

www.parlezuml.com/training.htm

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What Will I Learn?

Requirements Analysis using UML takes you on a journey from the business goals of your project to an object oriented description of system functionality. You will only learn what you need to know to get the job done, but enough to provide a solid foundation for further learning.



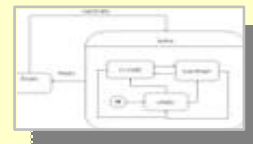
Use Case Diagrams
Model the users of the system and the goals they can achieve by using it



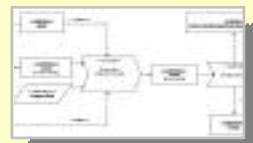
Class Diagrams
Model types of objects and the relationships between them.



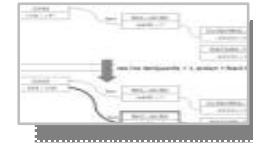
Activity Diagrams
Model the flow of use cases and single and multi-threaded code



Statechart Diagrams
Model the lifecycle of objects and event-driven logic



Business Modeling
Apply UML to business goals, processes, rules and structure



Object Diagrams & Filmstrips
Model snapshots of the running system and show how actions change object state



Packages & Model Management
Organise your logical and physical models with packages



User Experience Modeling
Design user-centred systems with UML



Enterprise Architecture
Tracing your models through the layers of the Zachman Framework

Plus simple approaches to:

- Iterative & Incremental Development
- Change & Defect Management
- User Acceptance Testing
- Project Planning & Tracking

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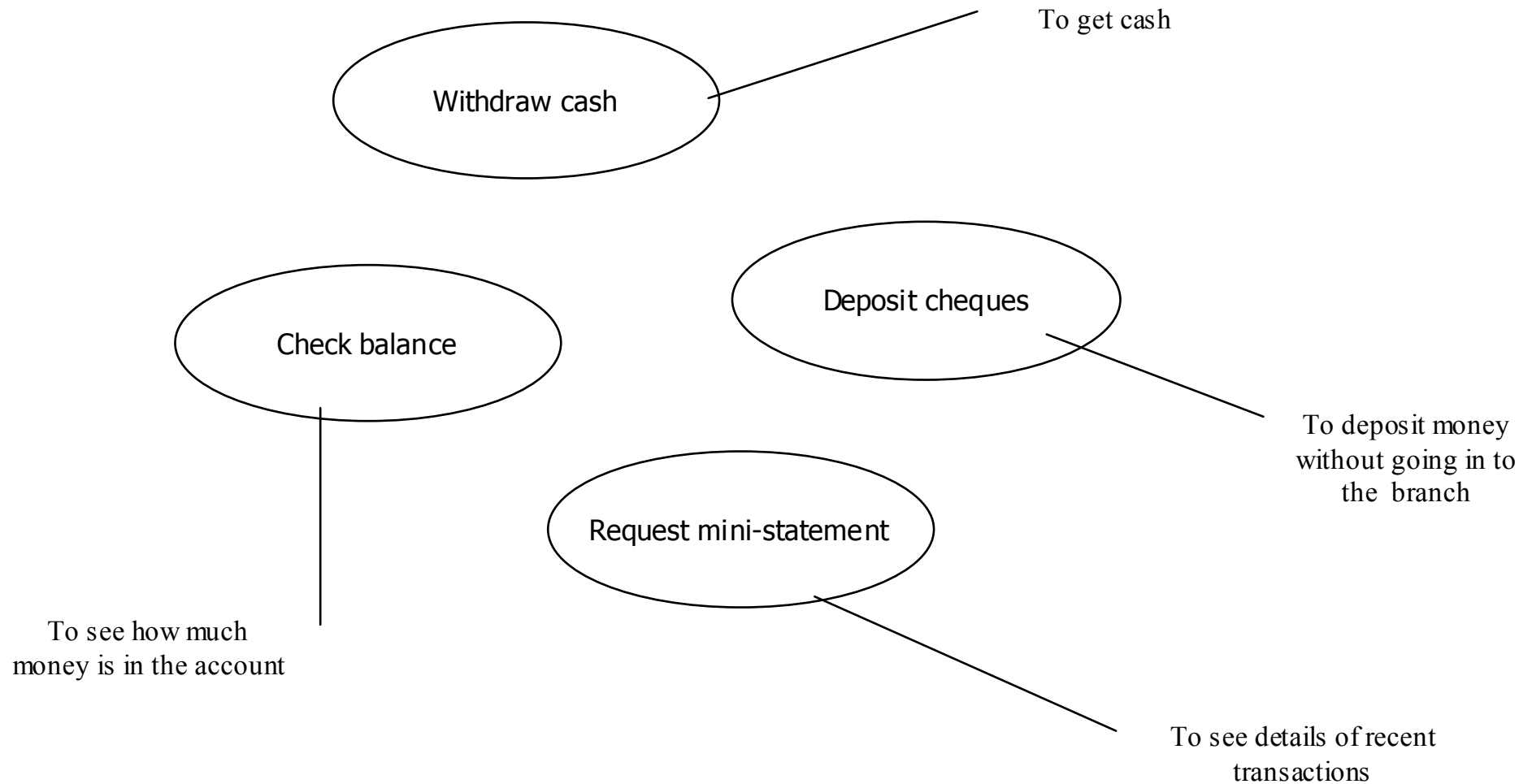


In This Section

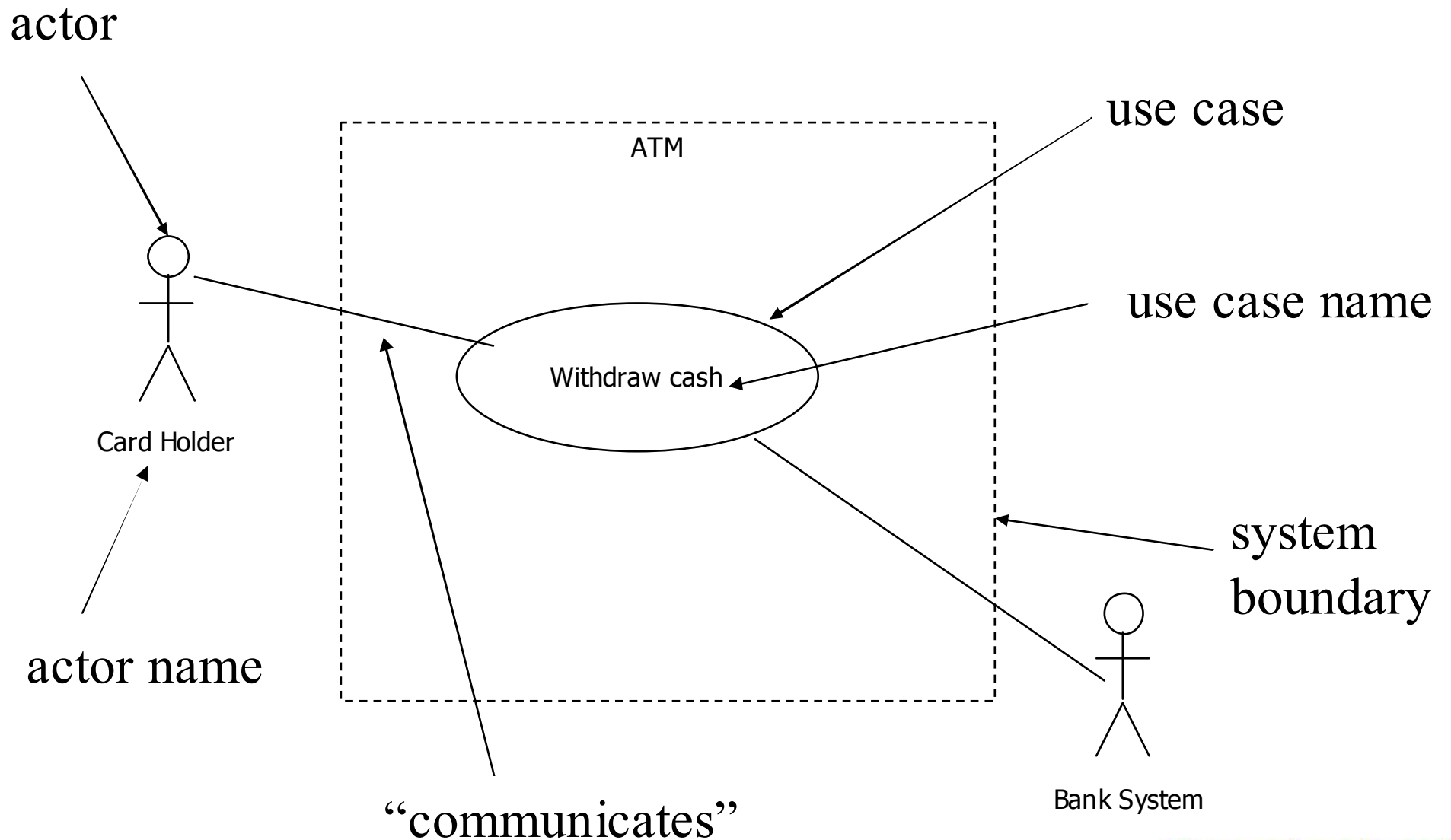
- Use Case diagrams
- Class Diagrams
- Object Diagrams & Filmstrips
- Sequence Diagrams
- State Transition Diagrams
- Packages & Model Management
- Model-View-Controller & Robustness Analysis

Use Case Diagrams

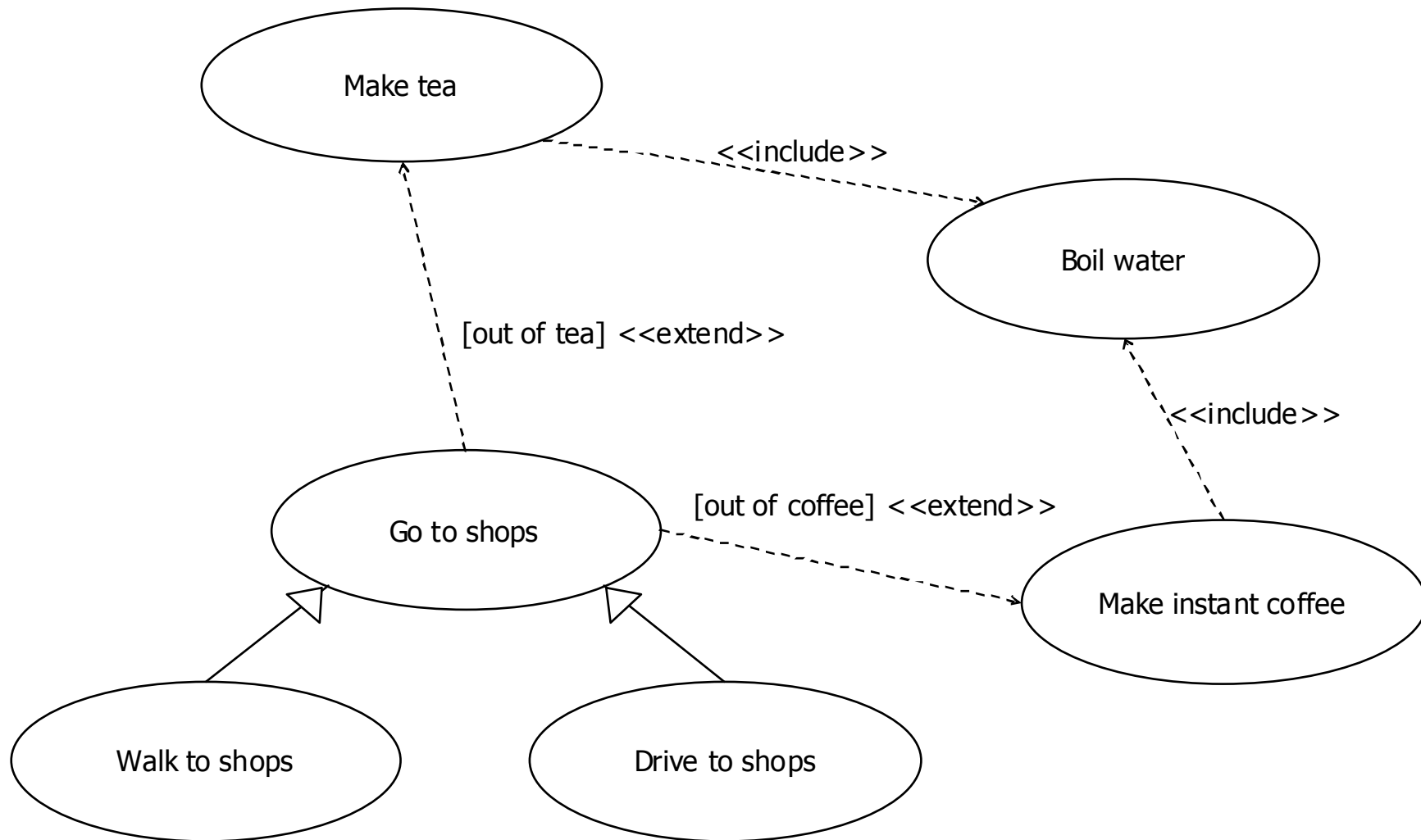
Users Achieve Functional Goals Through Use Cases



Use Case Diagrams

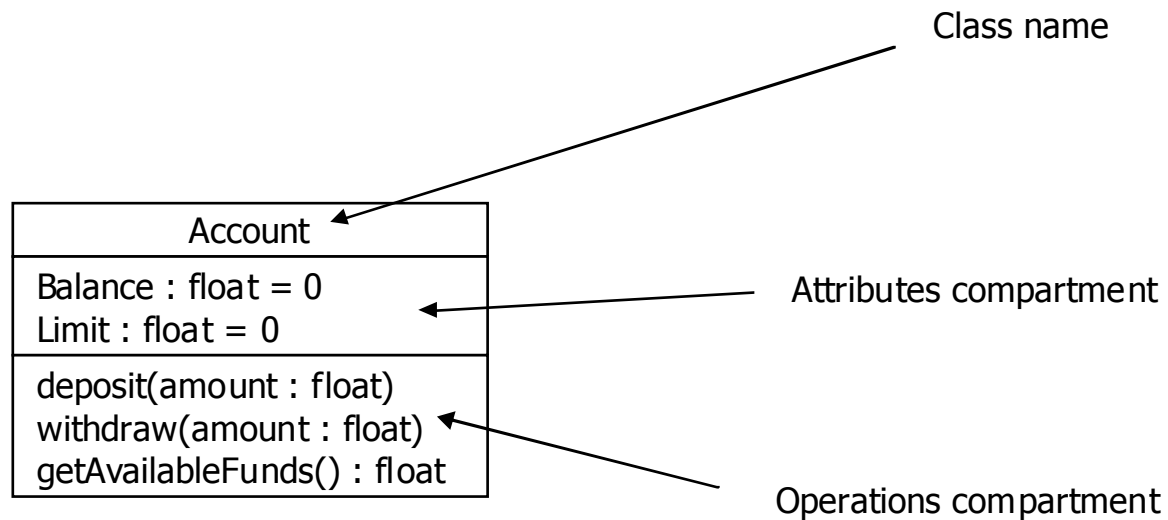


Relationships Between Use Cases

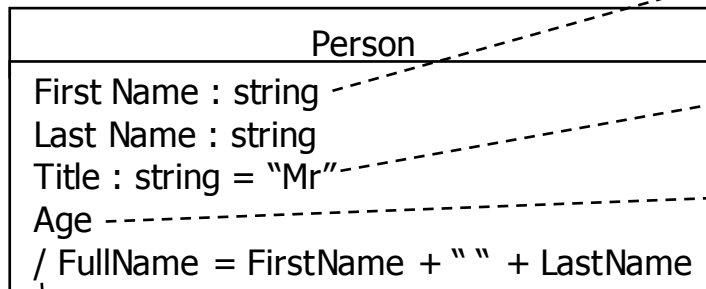


Class Diagrams

Classes



Attributes



Attribute name = "FirstName"
Attribute type = "string"

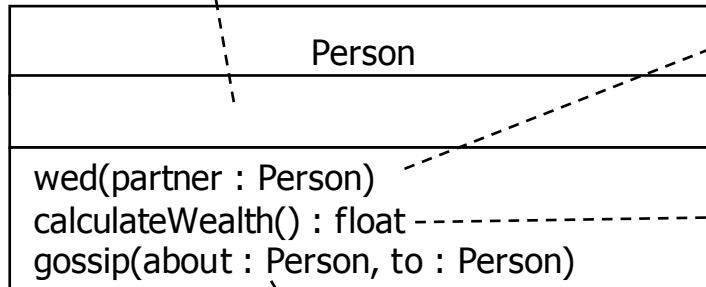
Attribute default value = "Mr"

Only attribute name is mandatory

Attribute values can be derived (denoted by / before attribute name)

Operations

Empty
attributes
compartment

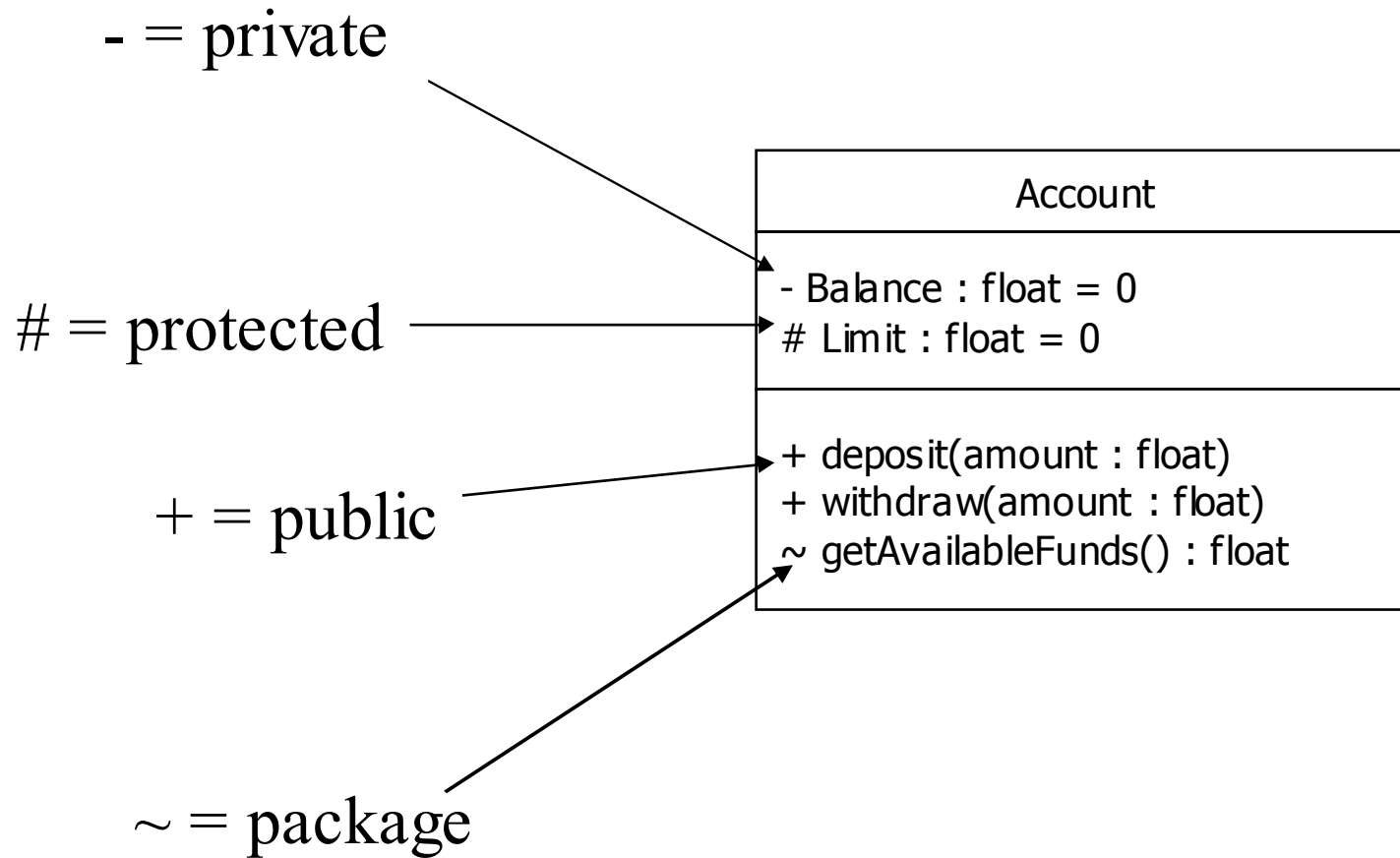


Operation name = "Wed"
Argument name = "partner"
Argument type = "Person"

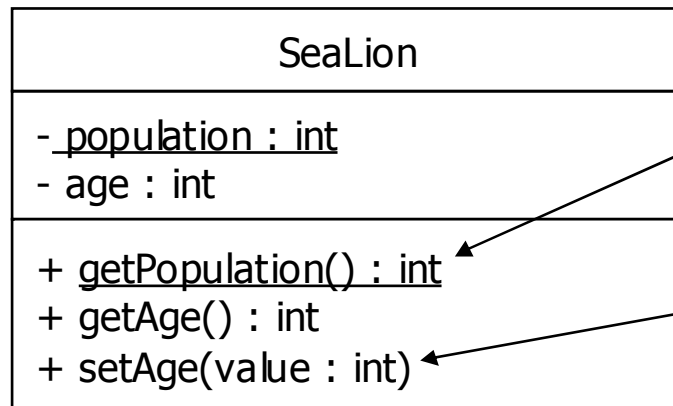
Return type = "float"

Argument #1 name = "about"
Argument #2 name = "to"

Visibility



Scope



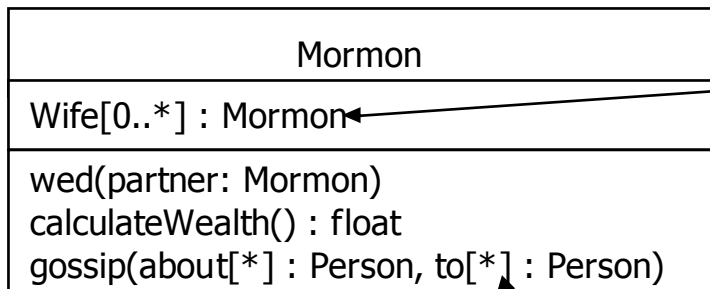
Class

(eg,
SeaLion.getPopulation())

Instance

(eg, mySeaLion.getAge())

Multiplicity



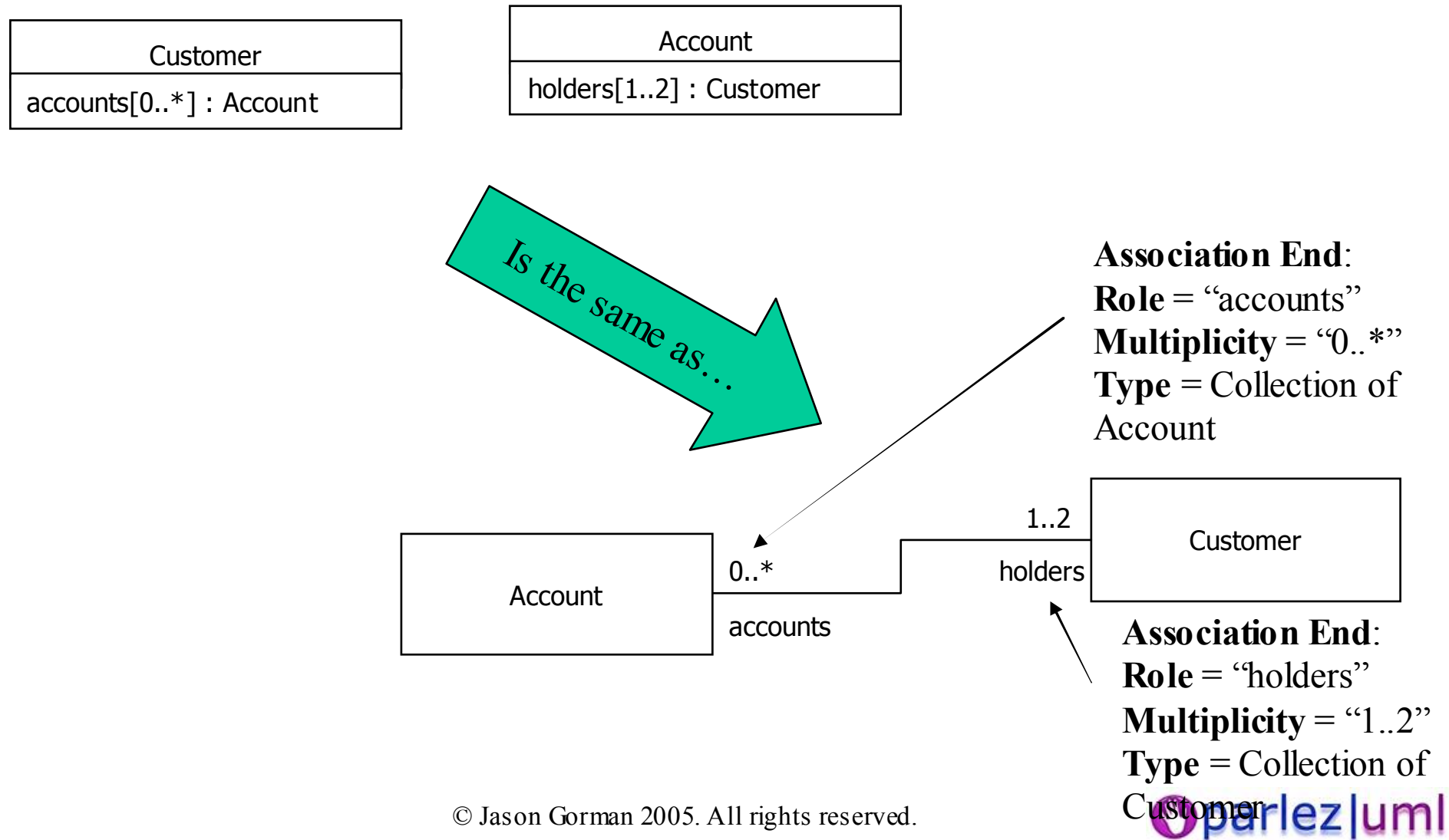
A Mormon can be married to more than one person at the same time, but may not be married at all.

The lower bound of the multiplicity of Wife is therefore 0, and the upper bound is *many*(*)

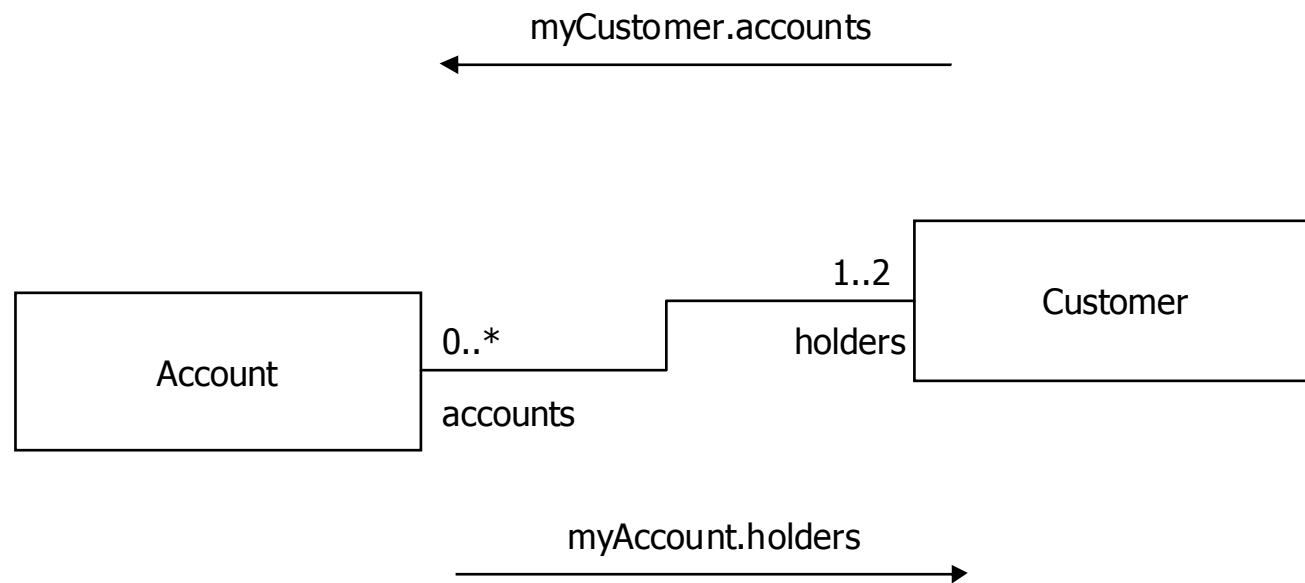
A Mormon can gossip to *many* people at once about *many* people

* Implies a lower bound of 0

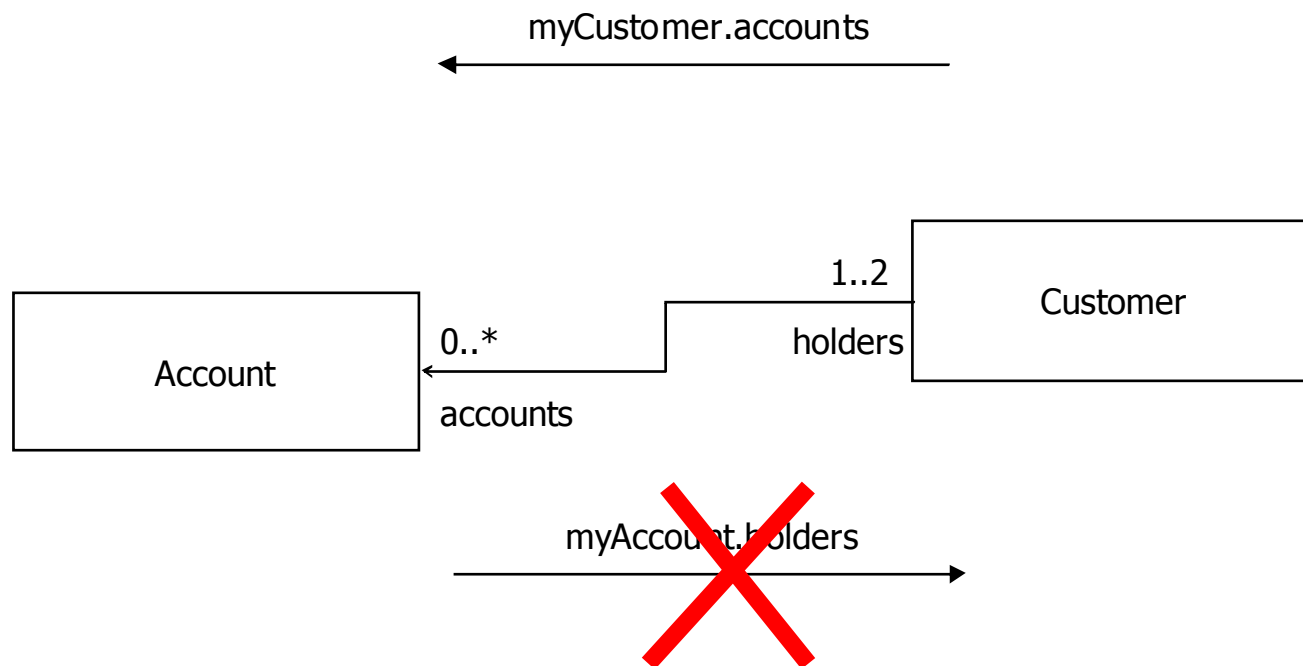
Associations



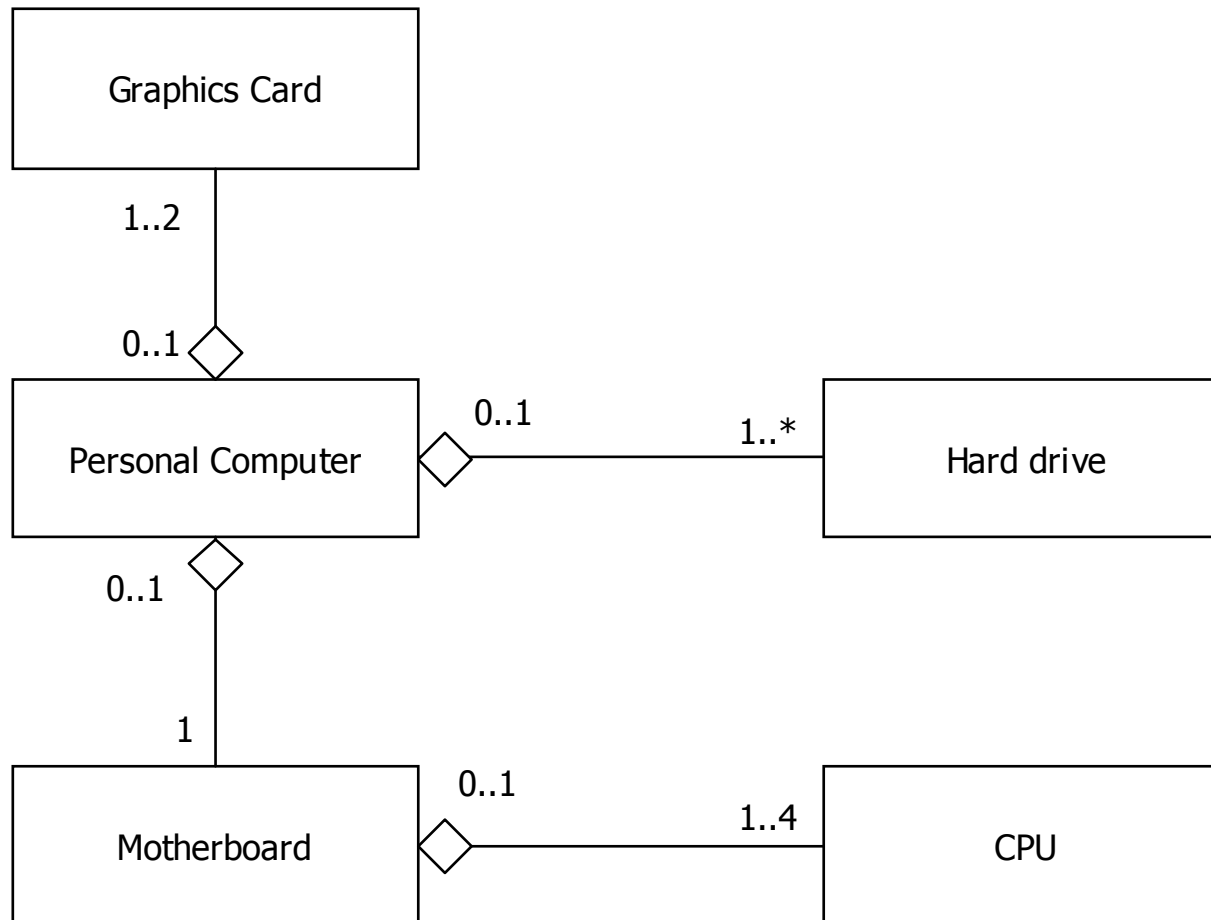
Navigation



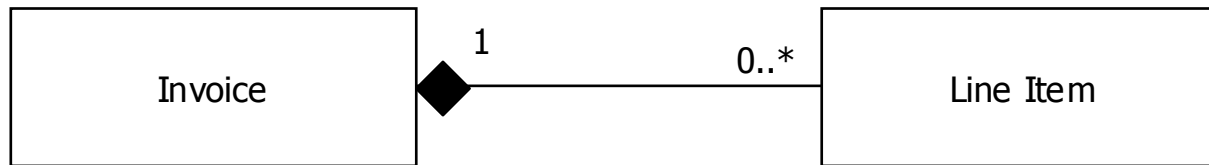
Navigability



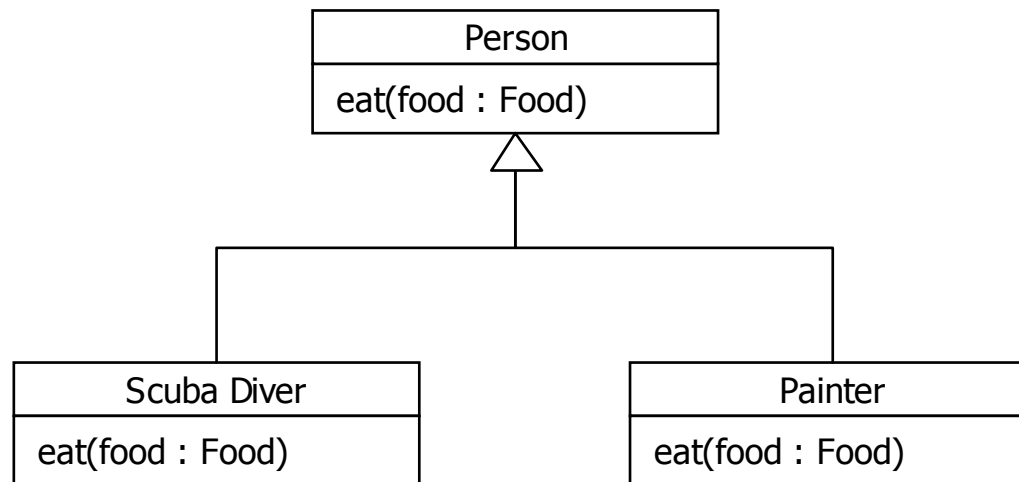
Aggregation



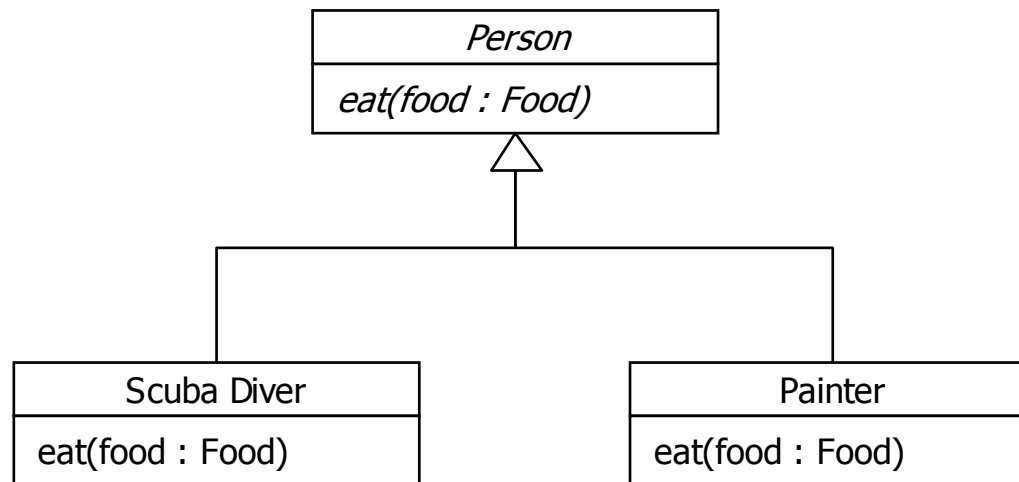
Composition



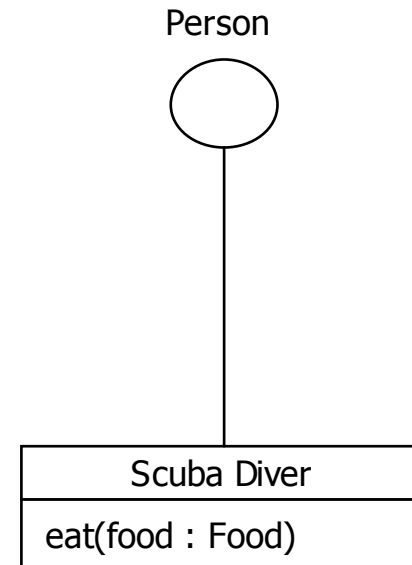
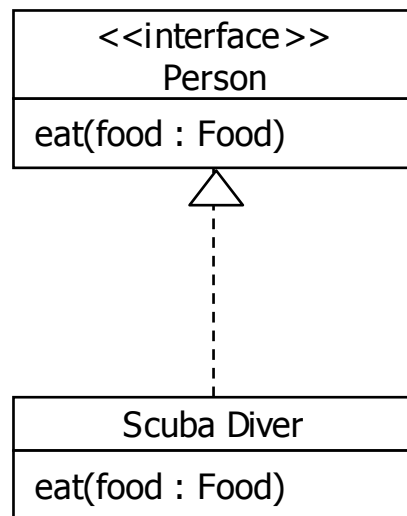
Generalization



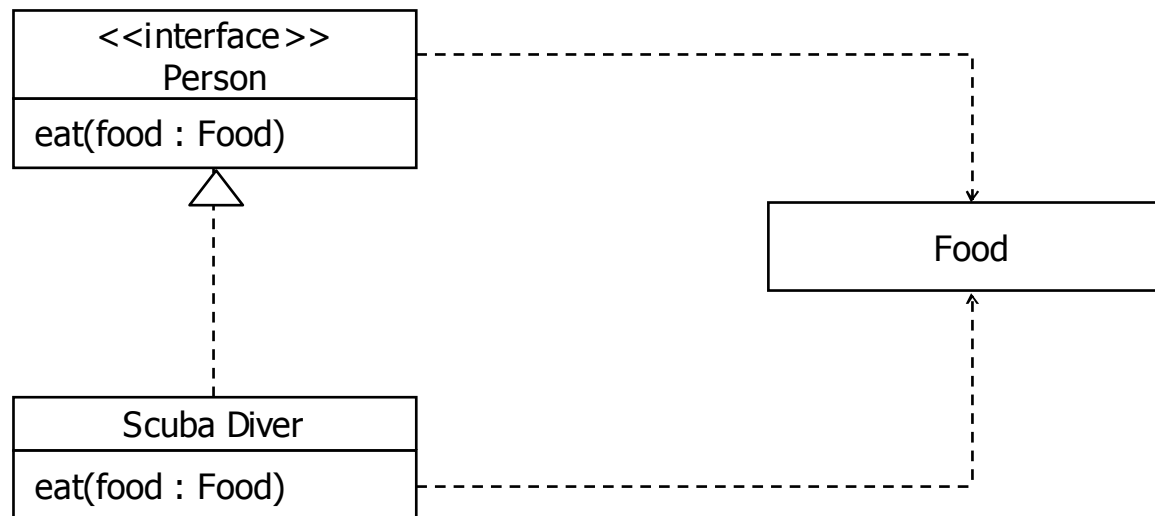
Abstract Classes & Operations



Interfaces & Realization



Dependencies





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UML for Managers (1 Day)

The key to success in IT and business projects is **effective communication**. Building a shared understanding requires that all project stakeholders **speak the same language**.

A Picture Is Worth 1000 Lines of Code

Visual Languages enable project stakeholders to express complex and subtle ideas in a way that is much **easier to digest** than wordy written specifications. Visual Languages make communication and understanding **quicker and easier**, and the effective use of Visual Models can greatly improve a project's chances of success.

Many Problems. One Visual Language.

The industry-standard **Unified Modeling Language** can be used to describe many aspects of your business and the systems within it. UML can be applied **at all levels**, from your corporate strategy right down to the design of your databases. This makes it possible to unify different views of your business and to **share and reuse knowledge** more effectively. It also helps you to **learn more about your business** and how it could be improved.

Are You Ready to Parlez UML?

UML for Managers introduces business decision makers and IT strategists to the key aspects of Visual Modeling using UML. It highlights areas where Visual Modeling could be applied to your business, and helps you to build a practical and realistic roadmap for adopting UML across your enterprise.

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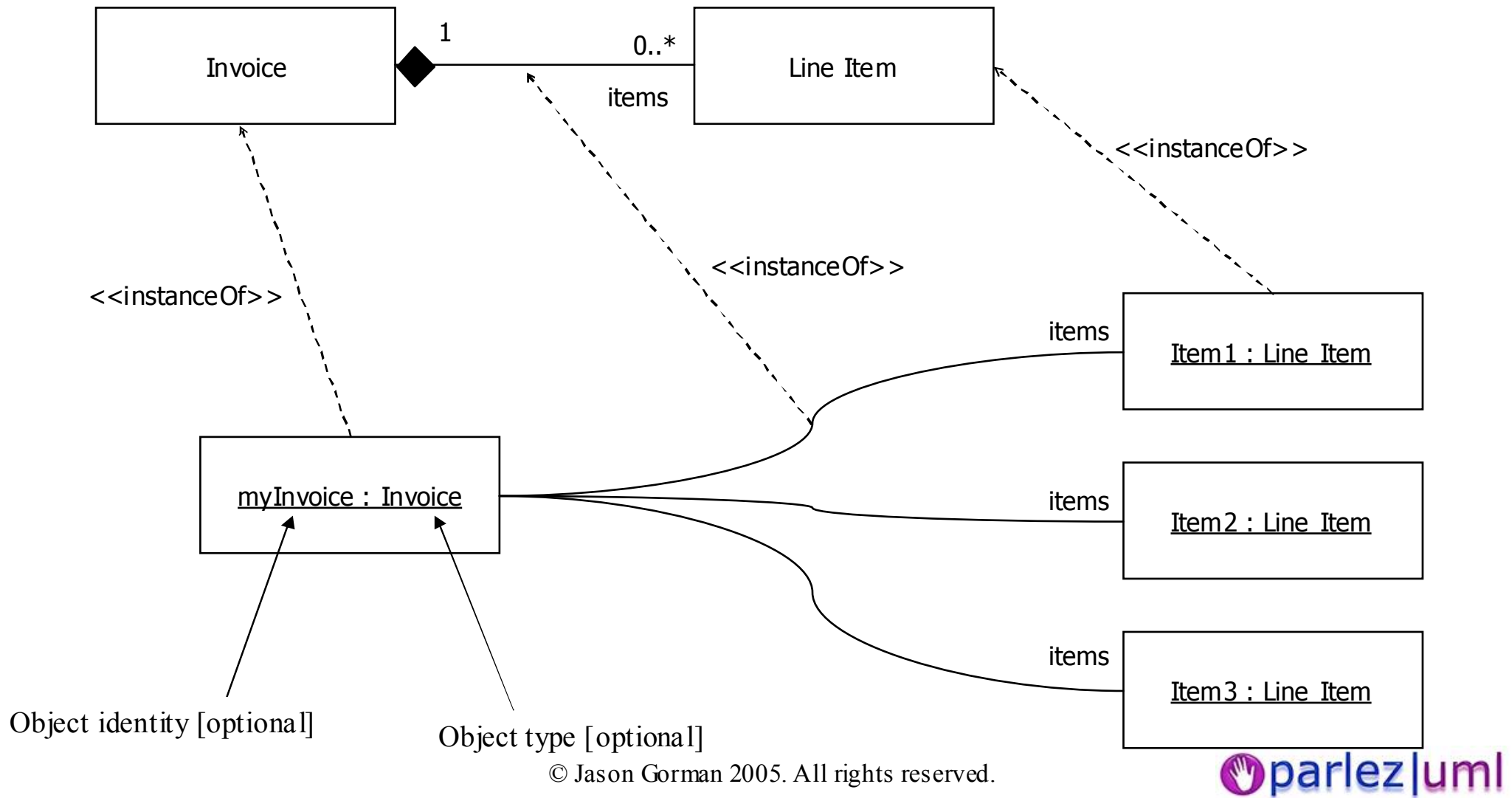
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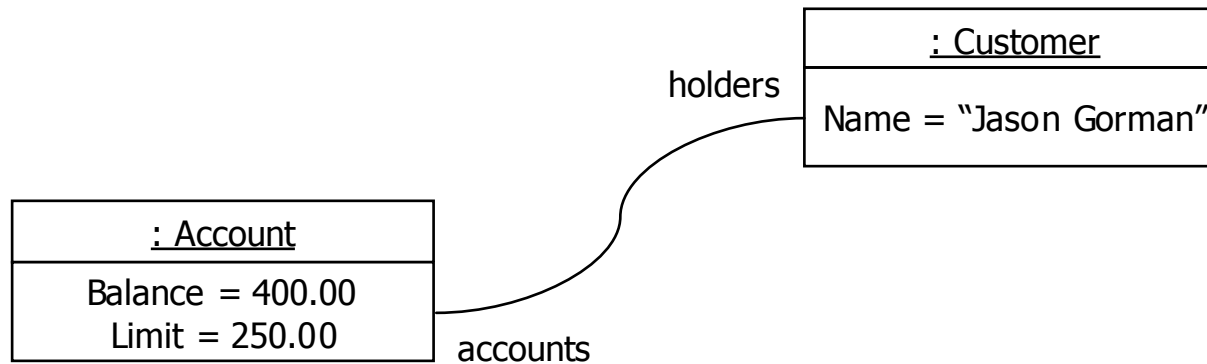


Object Diagrams & Filmstrips

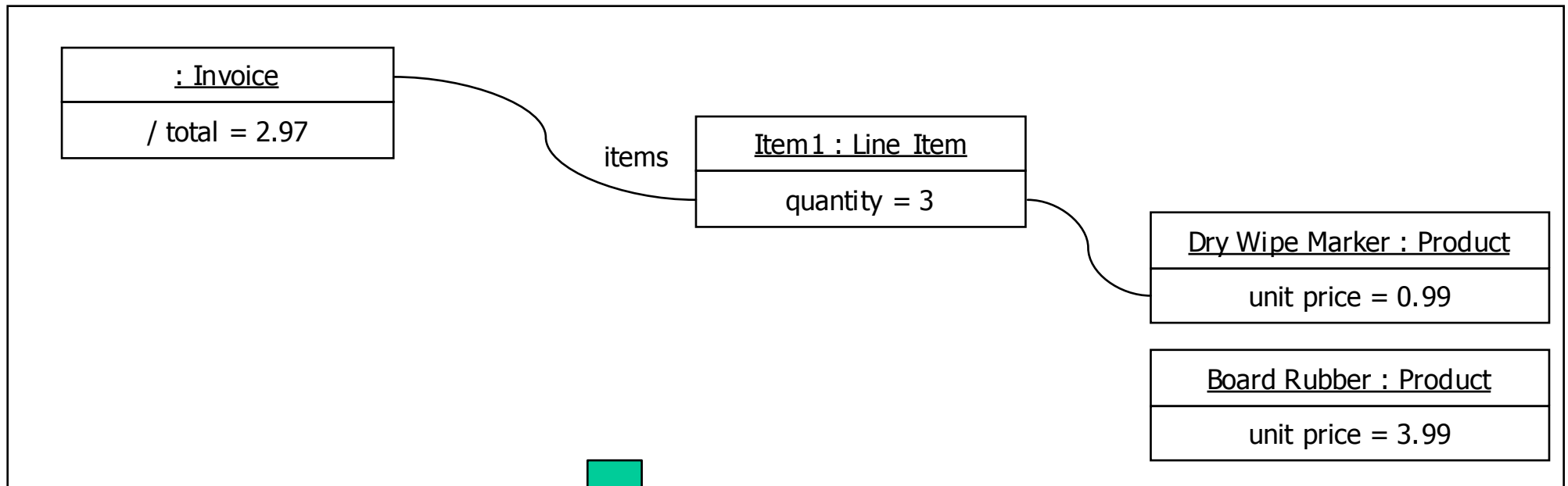
Instances of Class Diagrams



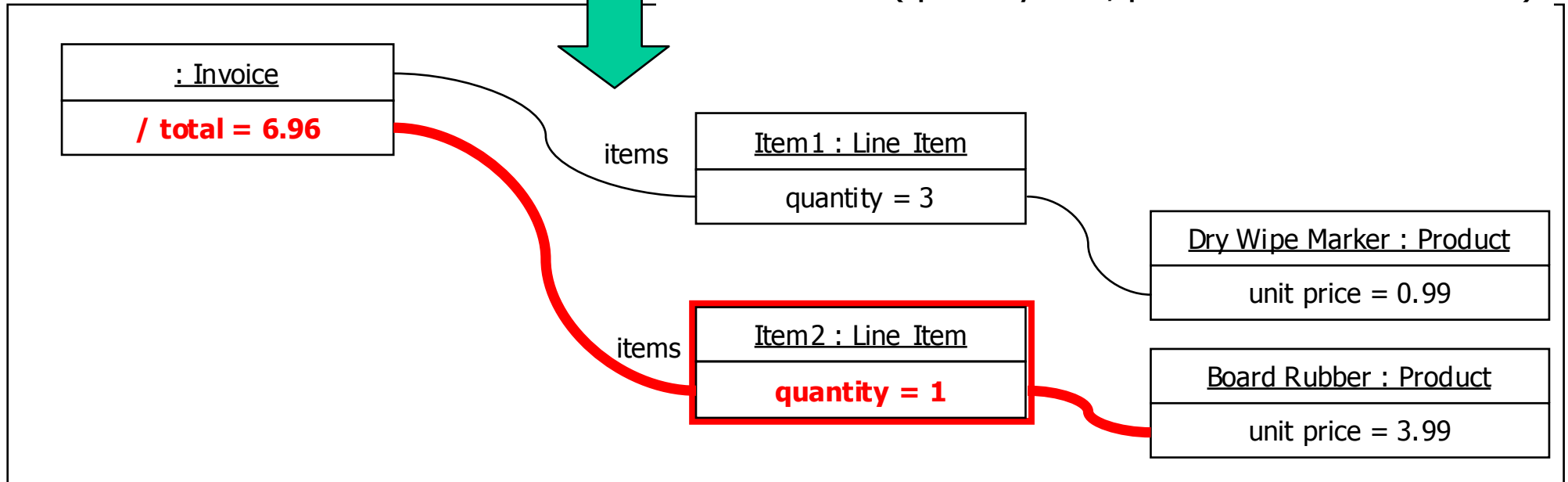
Object State



Filmstrips



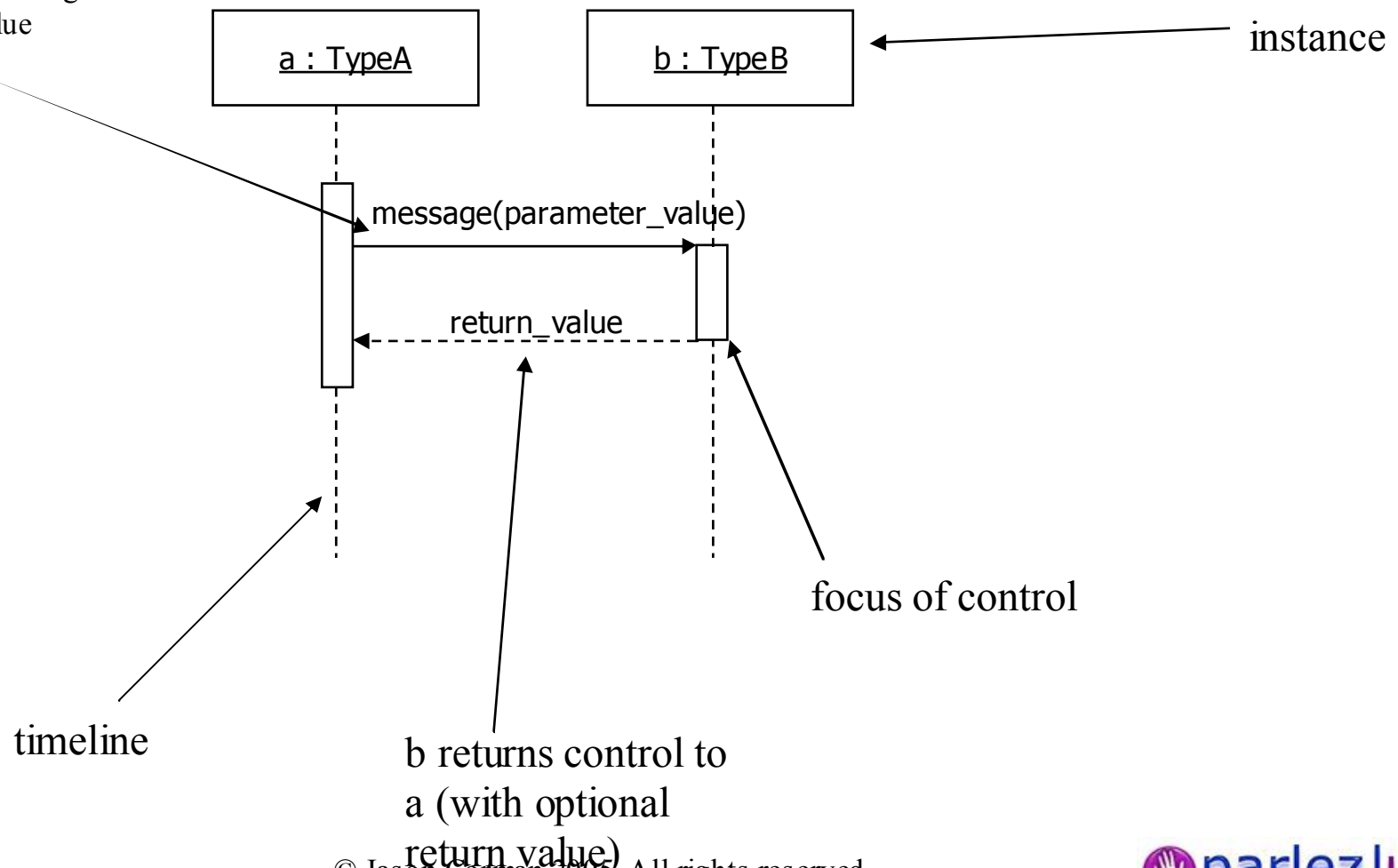
new line item(quantity = 1, product = Board Rubber)



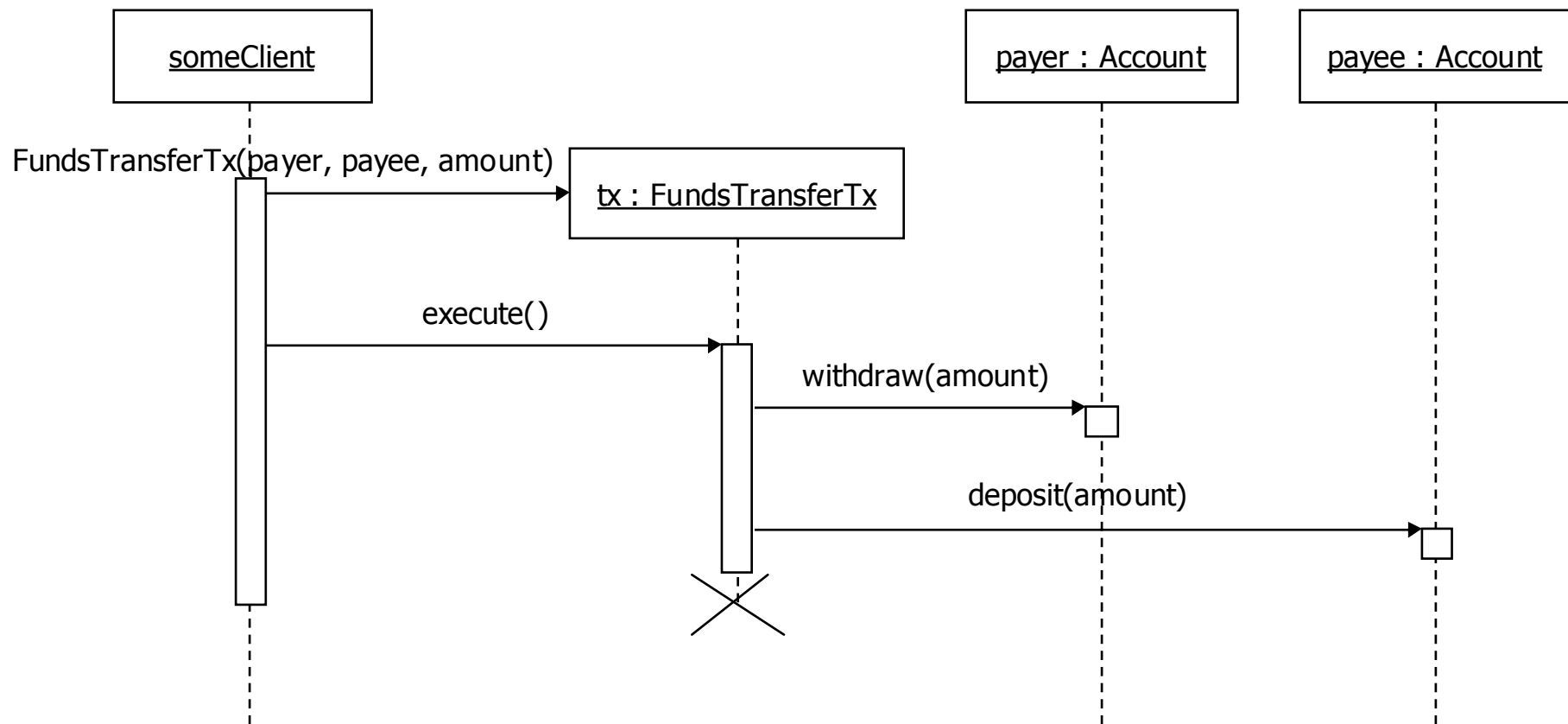
Sequence Diagrams

Objects Interact over Time

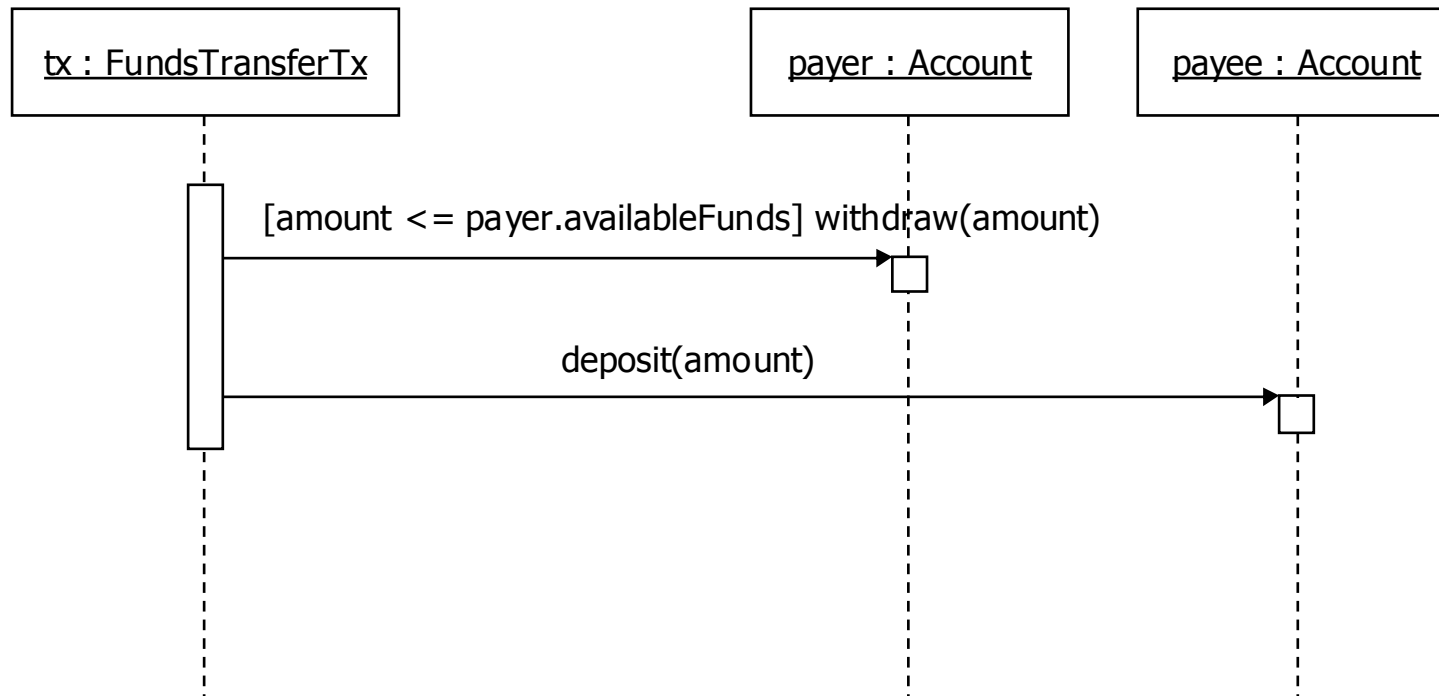
A class operation message
with parameter_value



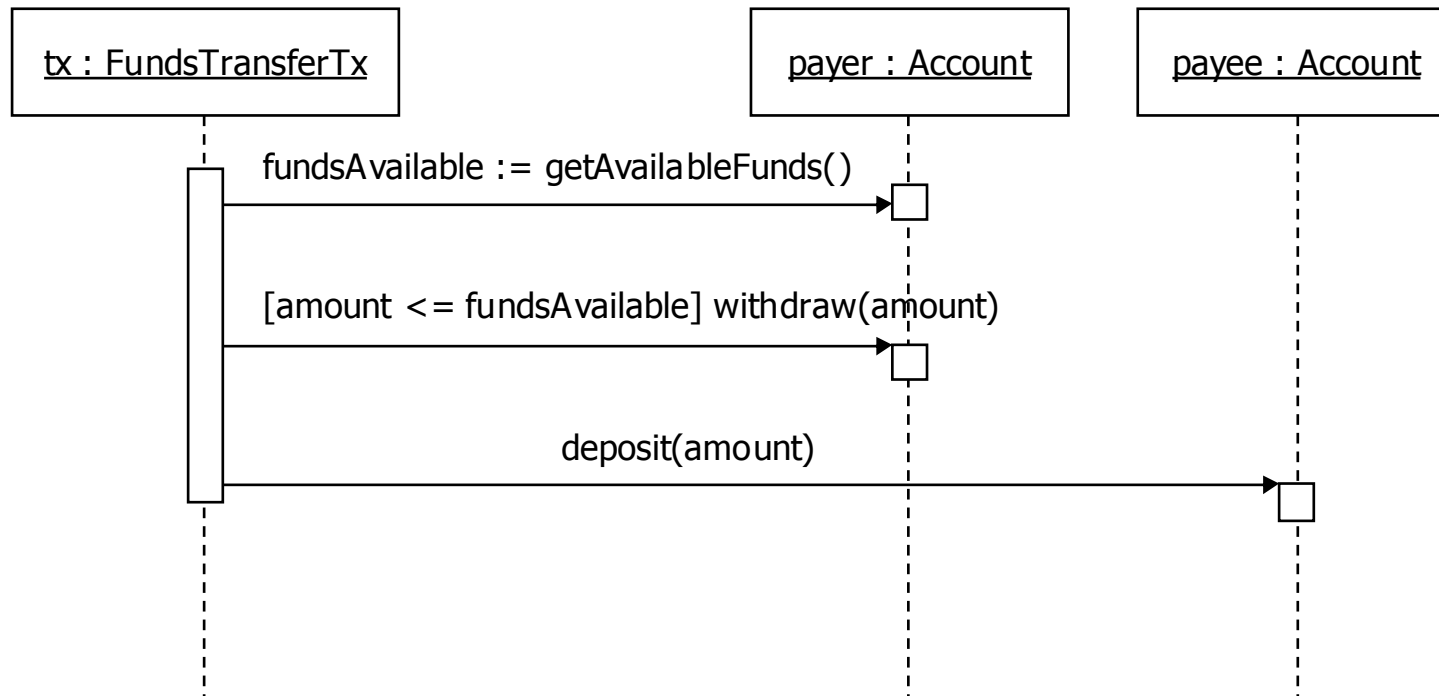
Object Creation & Garbage Collection



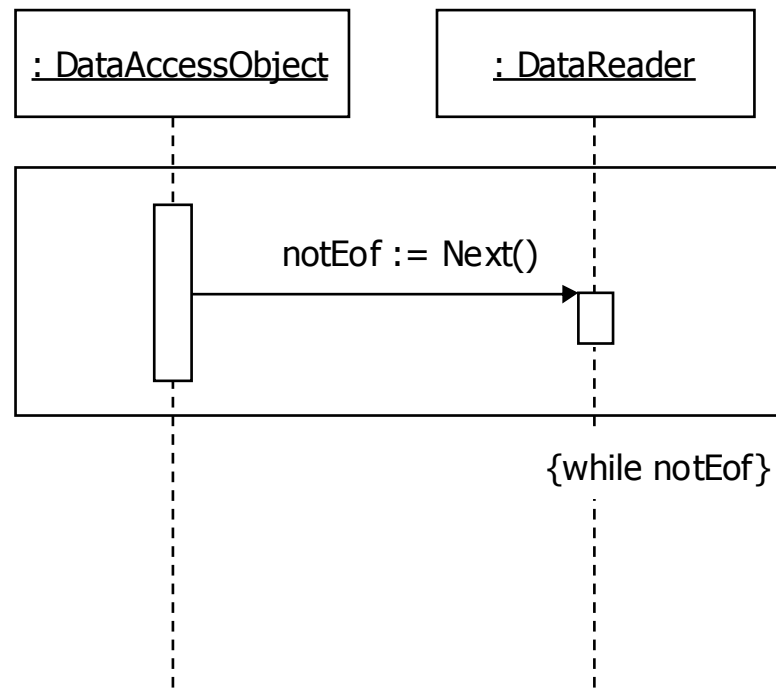
Conditional Messages



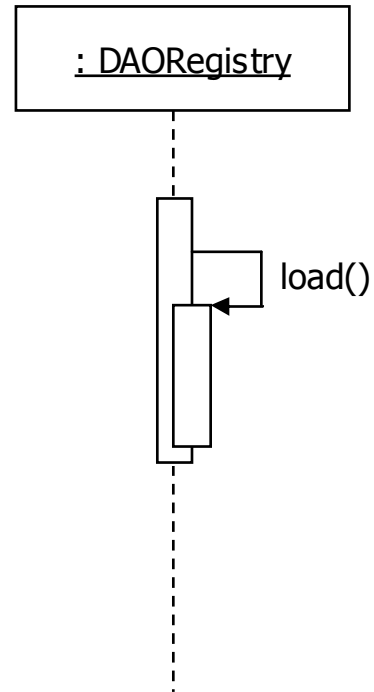
Assignments



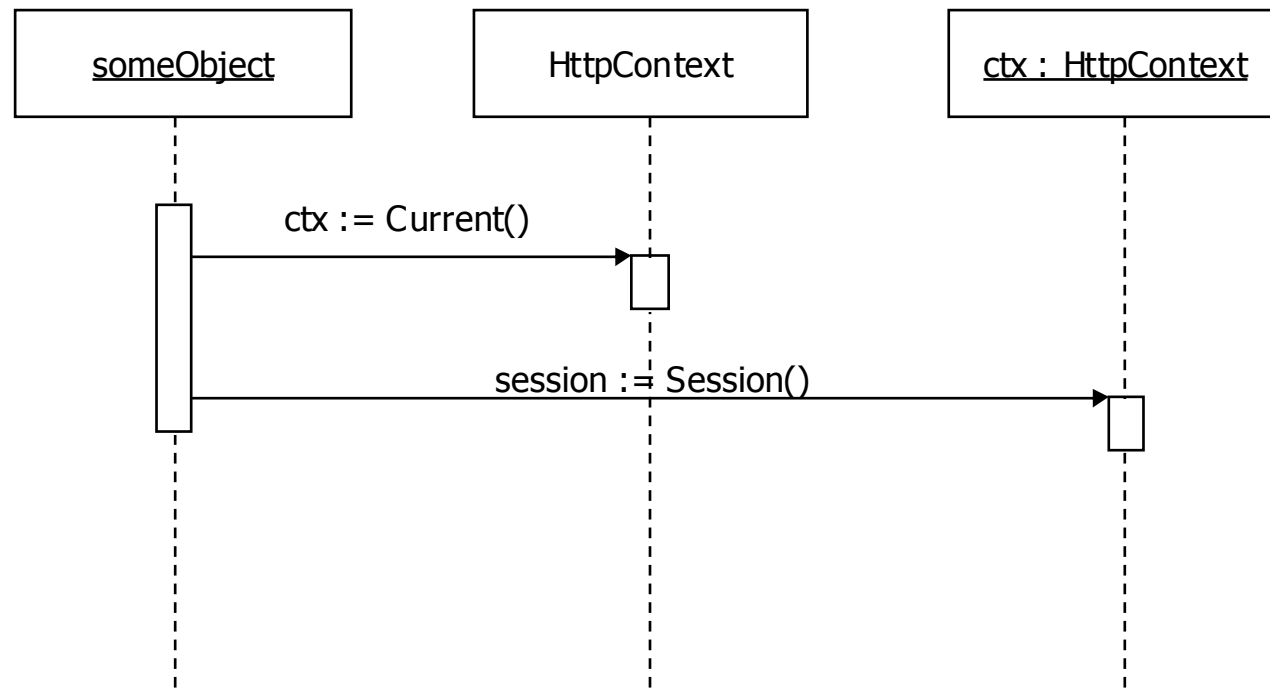
Iterations



Recursion



Using Class Operations

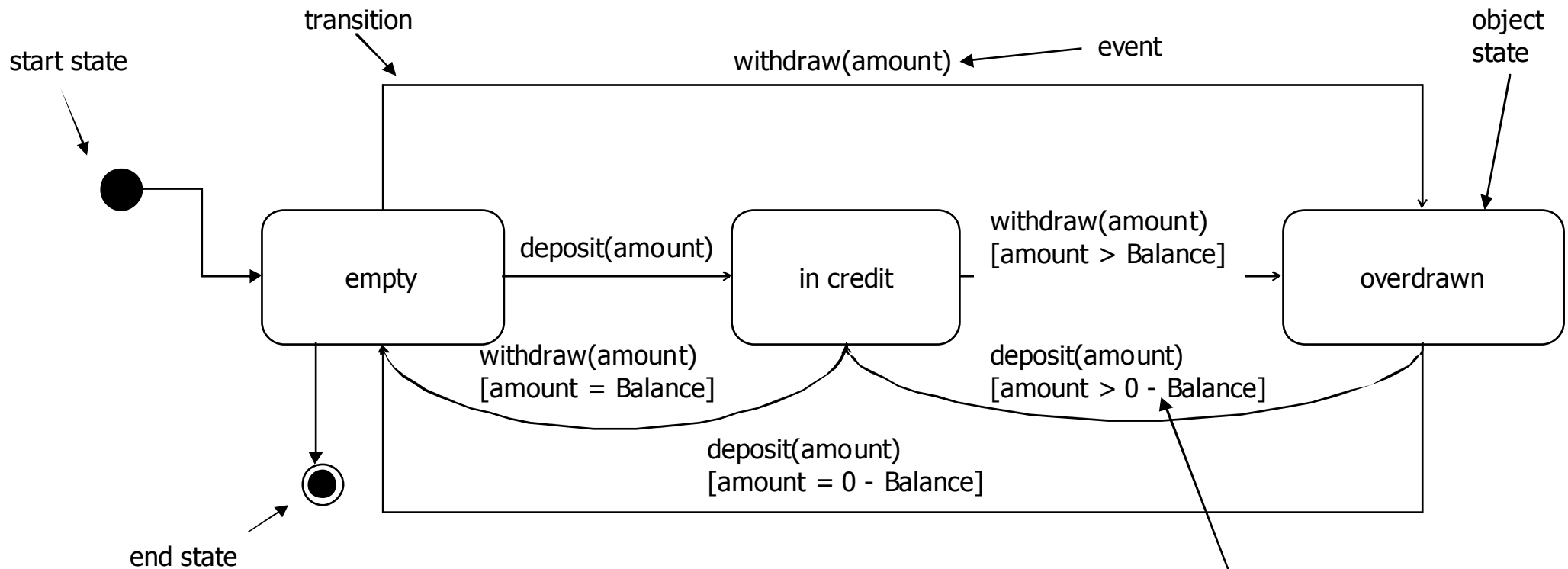


State Transition Diagrams

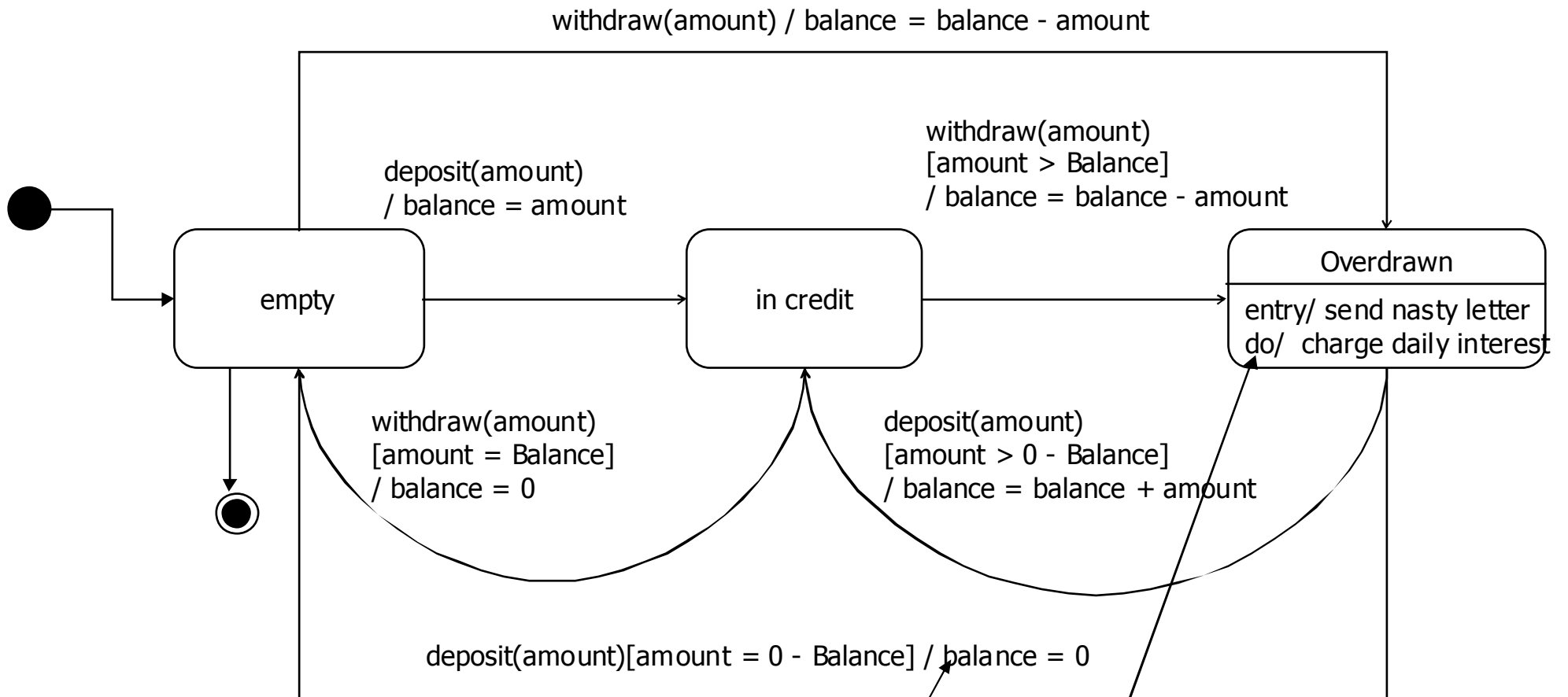
Discrete States & State Transitions

Account
Balance : float = 0
deposit(amount : float) withdraw(amount : float)

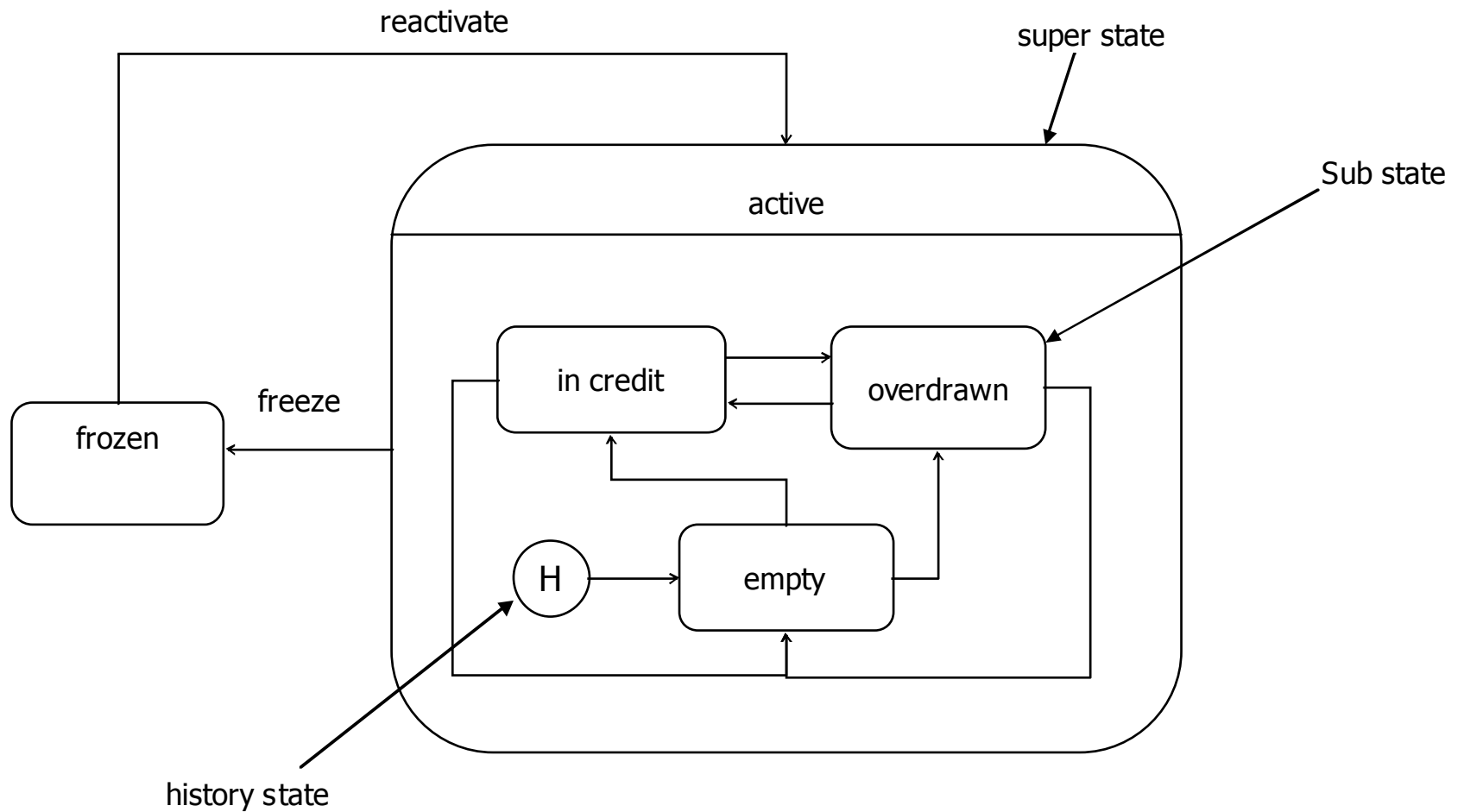
- Balance > 0 => in credit
- Balance = 0 => empty
- Balance < 0 => overdrawn



Transitions & Actions

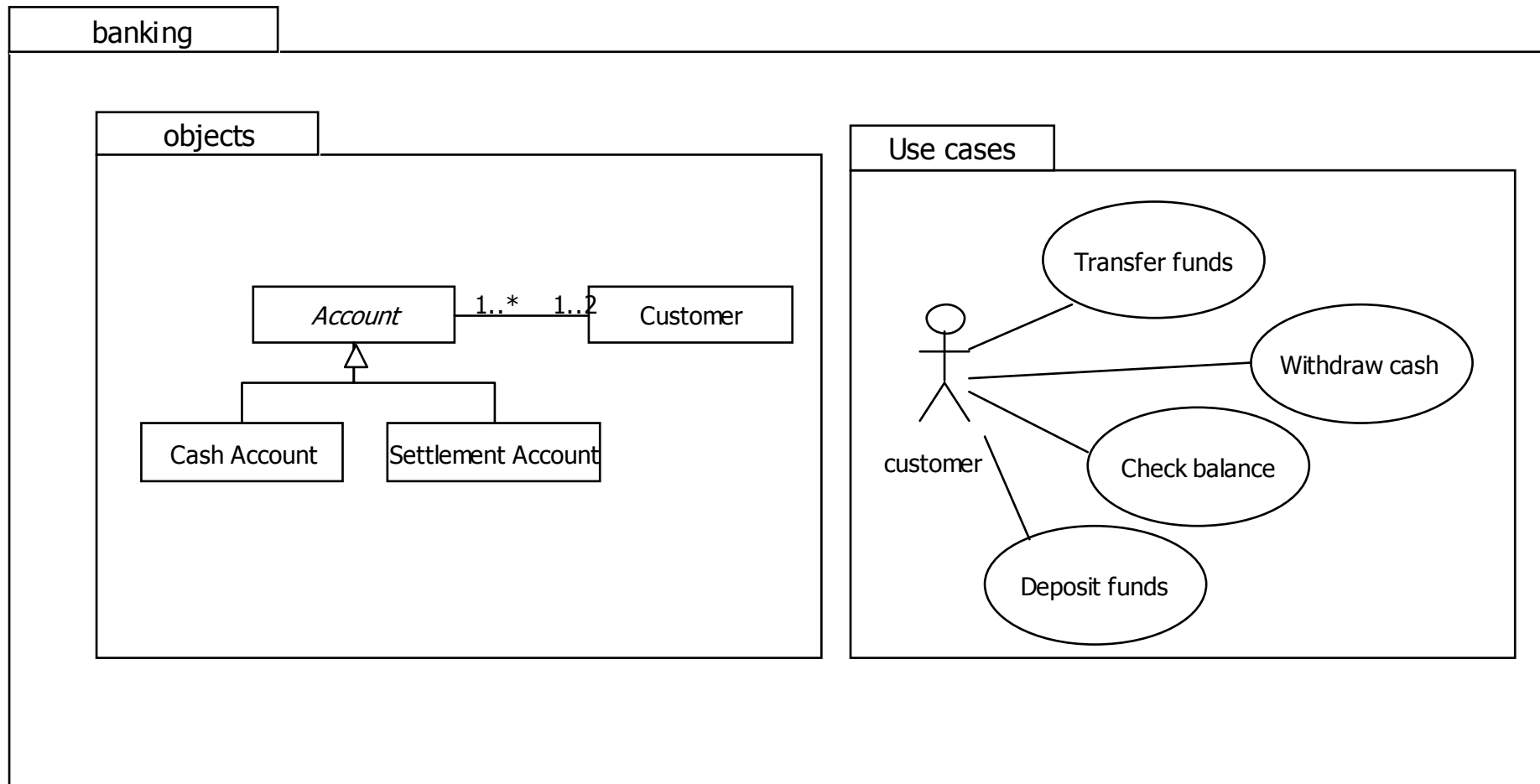


Sub states & History States

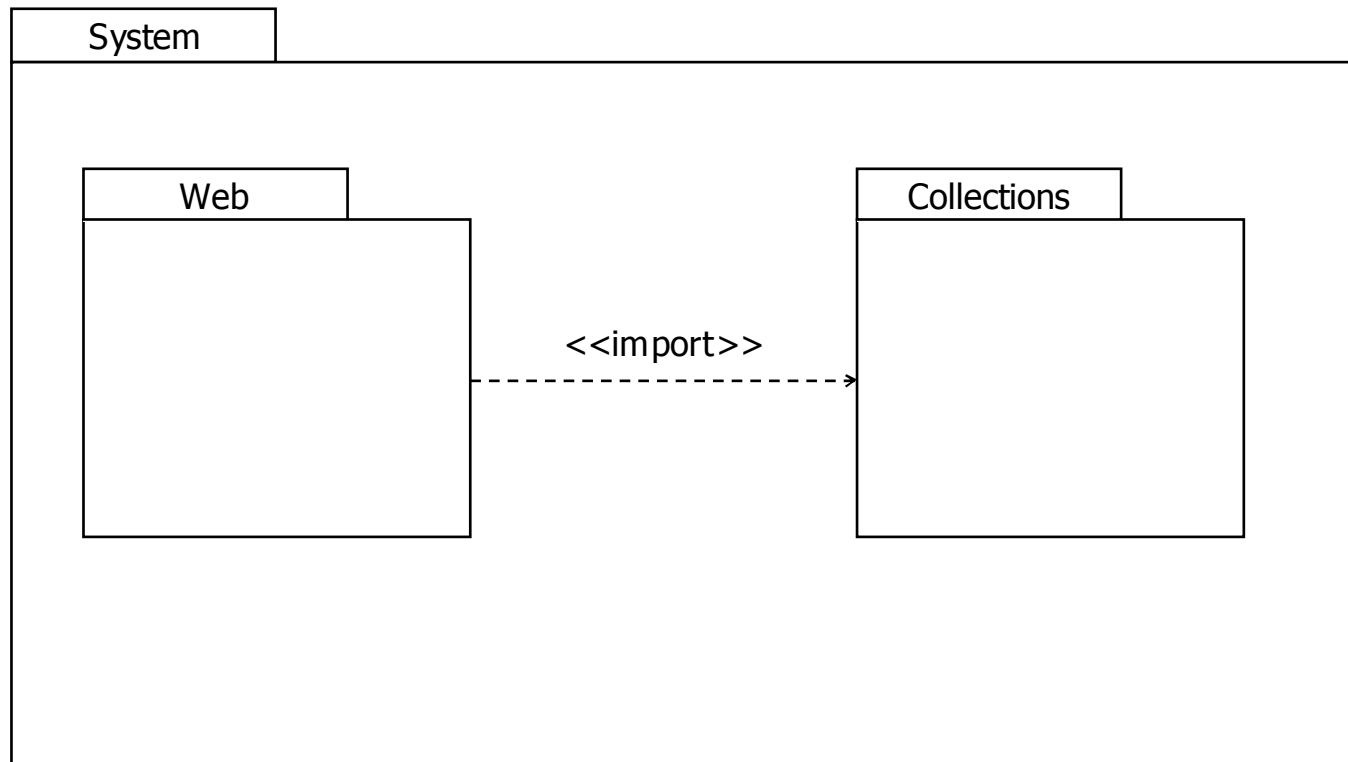


Packages & Model Management

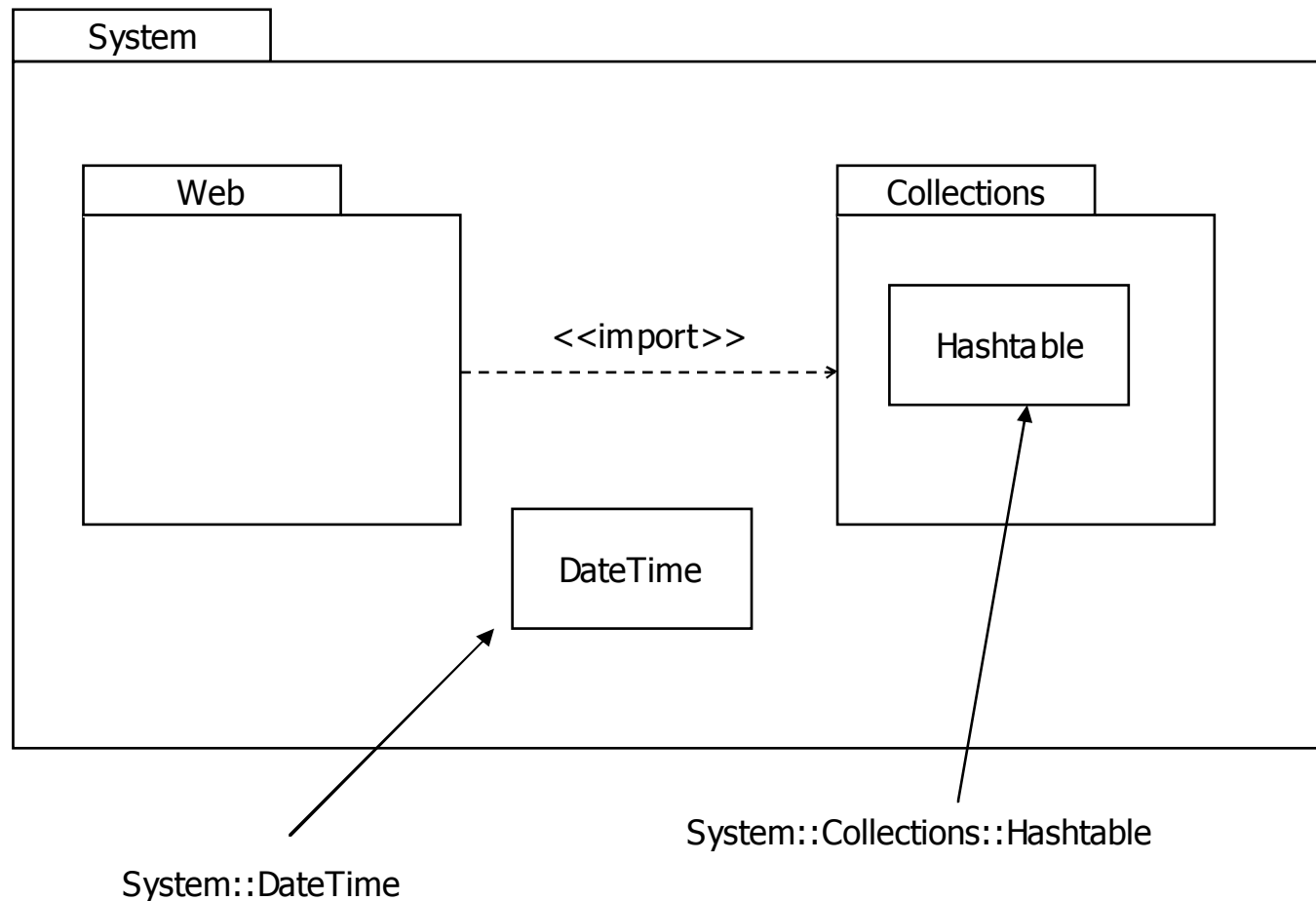
Organising Model Elements into Packages



Package Dependencies



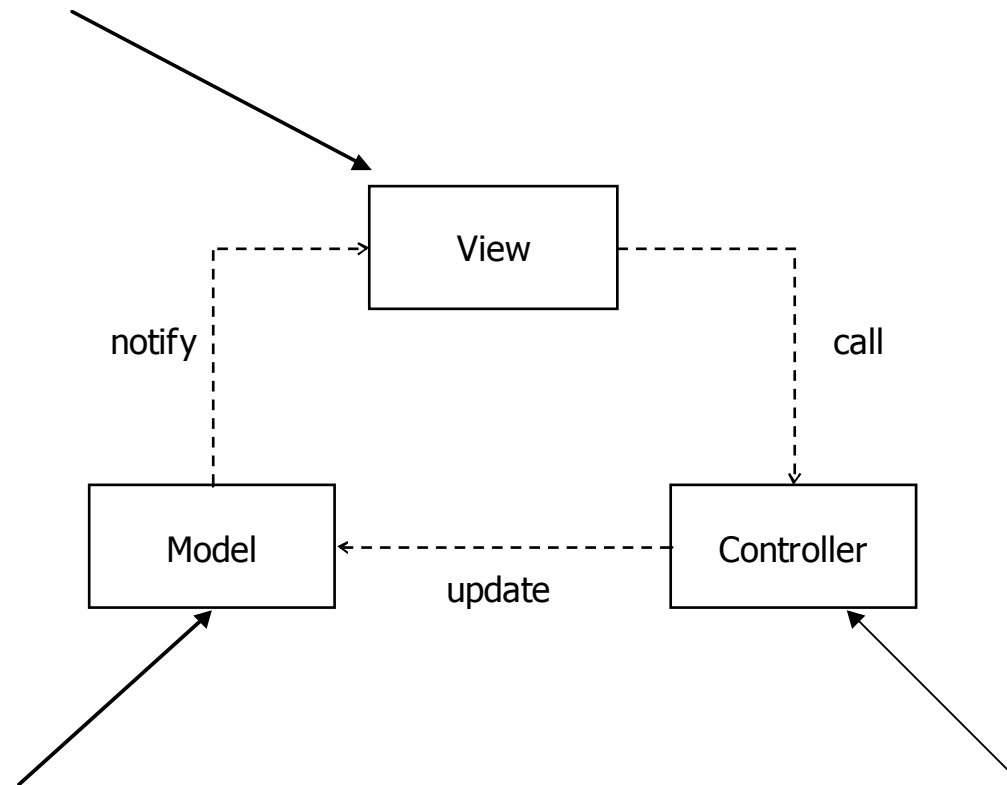
Packages & Path Names



Model-View-Controller & Robustness Analysis

Model-View-Controller

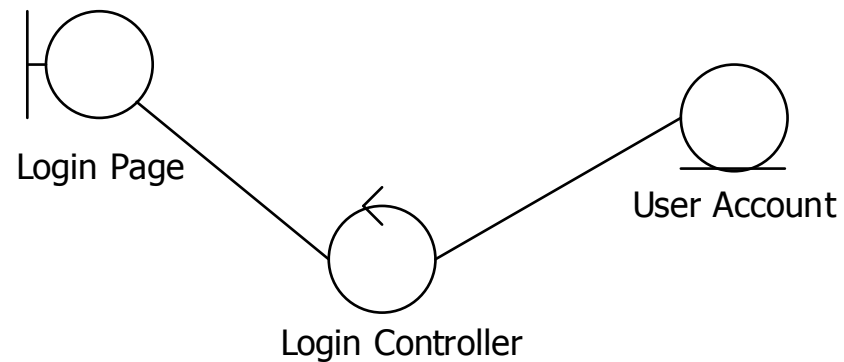
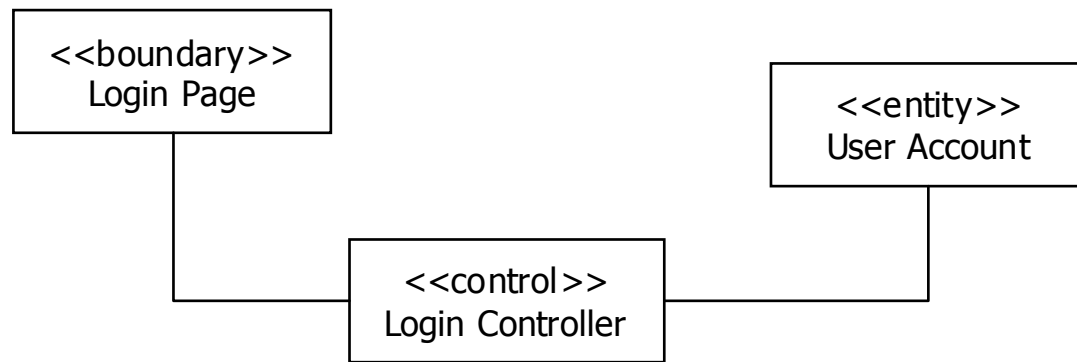
Display model data & accept user actions



Encapsulate problem domain data & logic

Execute requested actions by manipulating model

UML Stereotypes & Robustness Analysis



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